



Phase 3: Return to sport and physical activity

These guidelines are effective as of 14th September 2020 and apply to Scotland only. They have been produced in line with the Government guidance on public spaces, outdoor activity and exercise published which can be viewed at;

<https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-phase-3-staying-safe-and-protecting-others/pages/sports-culture-and-leisure-activities/>

On the 21st May 2020, the Scottish Government published [Scotland's COVID-19 route map through and out of the crisis](#), which sets out the order in which it plans to relax restrictions. Based on our discussions with Scottish Government/**sportscotland** and following the easing of lockdown restrictions, the **SKGB** has developed a set of practical guidelines for clubs and participants to follow so that Traditional and Sport Karate can happen in Scotland during lockdown, where the local environment allows.

These guidelines apply to Traditional and Sport Karate and outdoor adaptations so that Traditional and Sport Karate can happen in a way that is in line with Scottish Government advice and helps to prevent the spread of Coronavirus (COVID-19).

Karate venues/facilities across the country are often different and operate in different local contexts including club, private or local authority run. Assessing whether safe exercise can be provided depends on a range of factors, which apply differently at each venue/location. It is the responsibility of each venue, club and participant to risk assess based on their local environment.

IMPORTANT: Do not leave your home to undertake exercise or outdoor activity if Scottish Government advice means you should stay at home because you or someone you live with has or has had symptoms of COVID-19.

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	4
SPORTS FACILITY & PARTICIPATION GUIDANCE	4
Permitted Sport and Leisure Activities	5
Outdoor Sport & Leisure Activity.....	5
Indoor Sport & Leisure Activity.....	6
Additional Sport & Leisure Activity Considerations	6
Toilets, Changing and Locker Rooms.....	7
Equipment Provision and Use.....	7
Bookings and Payment	7
Communication with Members / Customers	8
Retail & Hospitality Services	8
Workforce	8
Coaching and Instructing	9
Safeguarding.....	9
Equality & Inclusion	9
Health, Safety & Hygiene	10
Face Coverings	11
Test and Protect	12
Local Outbreaks or Clusters of Coronavirus Cases	13
GUIDANCE FOR PARTICIPANTS	13

INTRODUCTION

Organised sporting activities can now be undertaken, providing all activity is consistent with current Scottish Government guidance on health, physical distancing and hygiene – you will also need to make sure that your club, facility and participants are made aware and can adapt to changes in guidance at short notice. Information on Scottish Governments approach to managing COVID-19 is available at [Scottish Government: Coronavirus in Scotland](#) .

People who are symptomatic should self-isolate for 10 days and household members for 14 days as per info on NHS guidance. No one who is self-isolating should attend a sports facility or activity.

To manage a safe return to sport and leisure activities it is a **mandatory requirement** that all clubs, facility operators and deliverers put in place Test & Protect procedures to help break chains of transmission of Coronavirus (COVID-19). Further information is available within this guidance and at [Scottish Government: Test & Protect](#).

SGBs, clubs and participants should be aware that the easing of restrictions does not mean that all facilities will open immediately. Clubs, owners and operators will require time to consider all the implications of opening facilities and put plans in place to re-engage staff and to set up operations that ensure the safety of participants, staff and volunteers. This is a difficult time for everyone so please be patient.

SPORTS FACILITY & PARTICIPATION GUIDANCE

1. It is the responsibility of each club committee, sports facility operator and/or deliverer (herein referred to as the sport facility operator) to appoint a responsible person/s, referred to as the [COVID officer](#), to act as the point of contact on all things related to COVID-19. An [e-learning module for COVID officers](#) is available to support those undertaking the role.
2. The COVID officer **must** ensure that full risk assessments, processes and mitigating actions are in place before any sport or leisure activity takes place. Specific consideration should be given to the needs of those who are at greater risk including some older adults or those with disabilities.
3. Sports facility operators should check with their insurance company that correct and full insurance cover is in place and valid before any activity takes place.
4. Travel guidance outlined by the Scottish Government should always be followed. Further information is available at [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Phase 3: Staying safe and protecting others](#). Specific information on car sharing is available from [Transport Scotland: advice on how to travel safely](#).
5. Guidelines will be updated as we progress through the phases of the Scottish Government Covid-19 route map. Current updates from the Scottish Government are available at [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Phase 3: Scotland's route map update – 10 September 2020](#)

Permitted Sport and Leisure Activities

6. Subject to the guidelines below a 'field of play bubble' can be created whilst an organised sporting or leisure activity is taking place indoors or outdoors, in effect suspending physical distancing guidelines for the duration of the activity.
7. Where there is likely to be proximity (within 2m) or contact between participants aged 12 years or over involved in a sporting activity, mitigating actions must be put in place to minimise risk and keep participants safe.
 - 11.1 Coaches should focus on providing sporting activity involving as few participants as possible, for the minimum amount of time, whilst still allowing the activity to run effectively. This may also require a change to game formats, numbers and/or rules to minimise risk to participants.
 - 11.2 As soon as a participant has completed training, a competition or event, they should leave the field of play/venue.
8. No spectating should take place other than where a parent or carer is supervising a child or vulnerable adult or when following specific [sector guidance for events](#).
9. No formal presentation ceremonies should take place during or after a sporting activity or competition as the focus should be on reducing the numbers in attendance at any one time.
10. Holiday camps, extended sports activity or events which would not normally come under the jurisdiction of an SGB should refer to the appropriate local authority, umbrella body or care commission guidance. Organisers of these activities may alternatively wish to use Scottish Government household, physical distancing and group size limits.

Outdoor Sport & Leisure Activity

11. Adults and children can take part in organised outdoor non-contact and contact sports training, competition or events if guidance within this document is followed.
 - 17.1 A sporting 'field of play bubble' can consist of a maximum of 30 people including coaches and officials at any one time. Where clubs or sports facility operators are considering running outdoor sport or leisure activities with multiple bubbles of 30 people taking part, they **must** ensure that these bubbles do not mix at any time including before, during or after the activity. Consideration should be given, for example, to staggered starts, different access/egress points at venues, parking arrangements and the duration of activities.
12. Outdoor group coaching for organised sport and leisure activities including aerobics and fitness classes can take place with up to 30 people at any one time, including the coach, if physical distancing is maintained.

Indoor Sport & Leisure Activity

13. Indoor sport and leisure facilities can open if Scottish Government [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): Guidance for the opening of indoor and outdoor sport and leisure facilities](#) is fully implemented.
14. Indoor contact and non-contact sports training, activity and competition can be undertaken by children up to and including the age of 11 years.
15. Indoor non-contact sports training, activity and competition can be undertaken by those 12 years of age or older.
16. Non-contact sports where participants would normally encroach within 2m can resume if mitigating measures are introduced to limit this risk. For instance, the implementation of physically distanced training or competition with amended rules which support physical distancing.
17. An indicative date of 5 October 2020 has been identified by Scottish Government for further changes to sport and leisure activity including;
 - 22.1 Limited spectator access to sports stadia. Planned test events will go ahead and further test events may take place before 5 October.
 - 22.2 Resumption of indoor contact sports and competition for those 12 years of age or older.
18. The number of participants allowed to take part in indoor sport or leisure activity must be risk assessed by the sports facility operator following Scottish Government [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): guidance on the opening of indoor and outdoor sport and leisure facilities](#) and sport specific [SGB Guidance](#).

Additional Sport & Leisure Activity Considerations

19. Specific consideration should be given to supervision of children under the age of 5 years as it is not appropriate for young children to maintain physical distancing, either practically or in terms of child development. You may, for instance, ask a parent or carer to be present.
20. In general, young people find it harder than adults to stick to physical distancing rules. Special attention should be given to how you communicate physical distancing rules to young people.
21. Where a disabled participant requires functional support to help them participate coaches or carers can provide this without maintaining physical distancing. In such circumstance the responsible 'Covid Officer' should consider appropriate mitigating actions as part of the risk assessment. For instance, providing appropriate PPE, limiting the number of participants an individual provides functional support to, limiting the duration spent in close proximity, or a combination of actions.

22. Where an employee is providing an activity, relevant work placed risk assessments and consultation should take place in advance of any activity being undertaken. See the Businesses, workplaces and self-employed people section at [Scottish Government: Coronavirus in Scotland](#).

Toilets, Changing and Locker Rooms

23. Use of changing rooms and showering facilities should be avoided where possible, although they may be made available for participants who require additional support such as disabled people or those with special needs.
24. Sports facility operators may open public toilets if they follow the guidelines outlined on the Scottish Government website [Opening Public Toilets Guidelines](#).
25. Access to indoor locker rooms and storage areas is permitted for dropping off and collecting sports equipment or clothing. The sports facility operator should ensure mitigating actions are put in place to minimise the risk of virus transmission including physical distancing, hygiene and cleaning measures.
26. For detailed facility guidance including a checklist that covers use of changing rooms, showers and toilets visit [Getting Your Facilities Fit for Sport](#).

Equipment Provision and Use

27. Sports facility operators should, where possible, remove equipment including benches, scoreboards, tables and any other objects that are not essential for participation purposes.
28. Where the above is not possible appropriate cleaning measures, including provision of sanitiser and disposable gloves, should be put in place to reduce the risk of contamination.
29. All fixed equipment should be checked prior to use to avoid participants having to adjust or touch it.
30. Where shared equipment is necessary for an activity appropriate hygiene measures must be put in place to ensure the equipment is thoroughly cleaned before, during and after use.

Bookings and Payment

31. Encourage people to make bookings online where possible. However, be aware that a proportion of disabled people, people from low income households and older adults do not have access to the internet. Ensure you have alternative measures in place. For example, telephone bookings.
32. Consider introducing buffer periods between sessions to stagger start times so that participants do not all arrive/leave at the same time.

33. Where possible use online or contactless payment options and avoid handling cash. Where people do not have bank accounts it is okay to accept cash payments.

Communication with Members / Customers

34. Sports facility operators and clubs should communicate clearly and regularly with members and participants setting out what they are doing to manage risk, and what advice they are giving to individuals before, during and after visits to the venue/activity.
35. Make them aware in advance of measures you are putting in place at your venue, and guidelines they are asked to follow.
36. Ideally sports facility operators should publish an action plan detailing their plans to re-open safely.
37. Communicate clearly opening times and how people can safely access a facility, if relevant, for example through a booking or queuing system.
38. Ensure signage on guidelines for participating safely and promoting hygiene measures are clearly displayed, up to date and in accessible formats.
39. When communicating with members and participants, consider how you will reach people who do not have access to the internet. When publishing information on websites, consider how to make it accessible when accessed via a mobile phone or tablet rather than a PC or a laptop.

Retail & Hospitality Services

40. Indoor and outdoor hospitality, including clubhouses and sports facilities which provide catering and bar services, can operate providing they adhere to Scottish Government guidance which is available at [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): tourism and hospitality sector guidance](#).
41. Retail units operated by sports facility operators may reopen provided all specific Scottish Government guidance for retailers is in place and adhered to. Further information from the Scottish Government is available at [Retail Sector Guidance](#).

Workforce

42. Sports facility operators must ensure that Scottish Government guidance on [workforce planning in sport & leisure facilities](#) is followed for contractors and staff and ensure existing health and safety advice is maintained and aligned. This should be detailed in the risk assessment.
43. Although we appreciate gym and leisure facilities can open, we would encourage providers to consider whether internal meetings and training must be completed in person or whether these can be completed online or via telephone.

Coaching and Instructing

44. Guidance for coaches, leaders, personal trainers, and instructors (referred to as coaches) is available at [Getting your coaches ready for sport](#) .
45. Coaches and others supporting organised activity should attempt to keep physically distant where possible, but it is recognised that this will not always be possible. In such circumstances the responsible 'Covid Officer' should consider appropriate mitigating actions as part of the risk assessment.
46. There are no restrictions on the number of households (or extended households) that a coach can instruct per day.
47. Coaches can take organised outdoor group training sessions with a maximum of 30 people involved at any one time or indoors as agreed through approved [Scottish Governing Body of Sport Guidance](#) or Scottish Government [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): guidance on the opening of indoor and outdoor sport and leisure facilities](#). All sessions should be risk assessed with physical distancing and hygiene measures put in place to protect participants and coaches.

Safeguarding

48. All adults involved in coaching / actively engaging with children or vulnerable adults in an organised environment should have undertaken appropriate SGB safeguarding training.
49. Sports organisations should always ensure appropriate ratios of coach/adult to child/vulnerable adult as per SGB guidance and follow all related safeguarding advice.
50. Health, safety and welfare policies should always be risk assessed and implemented.
51. Coaches and instructors working with children should familiarise themselves with the additional considerations developed by **Children 1st**: [Child Wellbeing and Protection Considerations](#).

Equality & Inclusion

52. Covid-19 is affecting everyone. But the impact of the pandemic is not being felt equally. Before the pandemic certain groups were less likely to participate in sport and physical activity. These groups are also the most at risk of worsening inequalities due to Covid-19:
 - Older people
 - Disabled people
 - Ethnic minorities
 - Women
 - People from deprived communities

53. It is more important than ever to consider inclusive guidance for people who need extra support to be active and sports facility operators should consider this as part of their work to encourage people to return.
54. The evidence emerging has clear implications for how we design and deliver sport and physical activity. Some key areas for consideration include;
 - 61.1 **Communication** – Digital exclusion is a key issue. With so many services and so much information moving online it risks worsening the health impacts of the pandemic. We have to think innovatively about the range of ways we can provide information to people about sport and physical activity.
 - 61.2 **Accessibility** – Accessibility of our environments is another key issue emerging from the pandemic. As clubs and leisure centres re-open it's important to build understanding of people's specific accessibility needs around things like hygiene, physical distancing and face coverings so we can provide the best possible support to people to take part in sport and physical activity.
 - 61.3 **Anxiety, mental health and wellbeing** – The pandemic is leading to an increased risk of anxiety and mental ill-health for people who share all characteristics. We know that sport and physical activity can have significant benefits for people's mental health so it's vital that we continue to promote those benefits, so people are encouraged to get involved.
 - 61.4 **Confidence** - Confidence to return to sport is a big issue across all groups. We know that some groups are at higher risk from Covid-19 than others (including some ethnic minorities, disabled people and households experiencing poverty). These groups may be even more nervous about returning to sport or starting to participate. They are also less likely to participate in sport in the first place, so we'll need to give extra attention to their needs to help build their confidence.

Health, Safety & Hygiene

55. Ensure access to first aid and emergency equipment is maintained.
56. Ensure that first aid equipment has been updated appropriately for the COVID-19 pandemic and first aiders have appropriate training.
57. In the event of first aid treatment being required it is recognised that a suitably qualified person, coach or supervising adult may require to attend to the injured participant. The 'Covid Officer' should consider processes for managing this as part of their risk assessment. This could include but not be limited to;
 - Provision of suitable PPE
 - Training of coaches/supervising adults
 - A parent or carer being present with children or vulnerable adults.

58. Cleaning of equipment, hand and respiratory hygiene are core measures to be implemented and provision should be made for these.
59. Clear guidance and plans are needed for cleaning of facilities and equipment, and waste disposal. For instance, common touchpoint surfaces (gates, door handles etc) should where possible be left open but if not possible, regular cleaning with disposable gloves should be undertaken.
60. Make hand sanitizers or wipes available for use in bar and restaurant areas and at the entrance/exit to the venue/facility where this is possible. Hand sanitiser should be at least 60% alcohol based and detergent wipes appropriate for the surface they are being used on. Cleaning products should conform to EN14476 standards.
61. Be aware that disabled people may face greater challenges implementing regular handwashing because of additional support needs. Some disabled people may need to use touch to help them get information from their environment and physical support. It is important they are not prevented from doing this, but operators should be aware that this increases the likelihood of virus transmission.
62. [Getting your Facilities Fit for Sport provides](#) a checklist for health, hygiene and cleaning considerations and actions.

Face Coverings

63. Sports facility operators should ensure participants and visitors wear face coverings, if indoors, before and after activity or when in non-playing areas of the facility. For example: reception, locker rooms and storage areas. This is a **mandatory** requirement except where an exemption applies, or where there is a 'reasonable excuse' not to wear a face covering. For example, if you have a health condition or you are disabled, including hidden disabilities such as autism, dementia or a learning disability.
64. Be aware that face coverings discriminate against some deaf people who need to look at lips to help communicate. Staff in facilities should be made aware that it is okay to remove their face coverings to communicate with someone who relies on lip reading and facial expressions.
65. Face coverings may not be required when using hospitality services such as café's, bars and restaurants. For further information refer to Scottish Government [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): tourism and hospitality sector guidance](#).
66. The [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Phase 3: staying safe and protecting others, face coverings](#) provides guidance on general use and exemptions.

Links to supporting guidance;

[Health Protection Scotland: General guidance for non-healthcare settings](#)

[Health Protection Scotland: Cleaning in a non-healthcare setting](#)

[Health Protection Scotland: Hand hygiene techniques](#)

[HSE: First Aid during the coronavirus](#)

Test and Protect

67. Test and Protect, is Scotland’s way of putting into practice NHS Scotland’s test, trace, isolate and support strategy. Containing outbreaks early is crucial to reduce the spread of COVID-19, protect the NHS and save lives, and avoid the reintroduction of social and economic lockdown. This will support the country to return to, and maintain, a more normal way of life.

Maintaining customer records

68. It is a mandatory requirement that sport facility operators collect the name, contact number, date of visit, time of arrival, and where possible the departure time of all those attending facilities or activities. Where attending as a small household group, the contact details for one member – a ‘lead member’ – will be sufficient.
69. Sports facility operators should store information for 21 days and share it when requested to do so by public health officers.
70. The Coronavirus (COVID-19): Test and Protect information leaflet provides information on the Test and Protect service from NHS Scotland.

Registration with the Information Commissioner's Office

71. In order to gather and store customer information securely, sports facility operators may need to be registered with the Information Commissioner’s Office (ICO). This will be the case if you are using an electronic system to gather and store data.
72. If you are unsure whether you need to register, please contact the ICO via their helpline on 0303 123 1113, or visit www.ico.org.uk.

Protect Scotland App

73. NHS Scotland has launched a free mobile app designed to help with contact tracing efforts and slow the spread of COVID-19. The app will alert users if they have been in close contact with another app user who tests positive for coronavirus.
74. Supported by a dedicated Protect Scotland website, the app is an extra tool complementing existing person-to-person contact tracing which remains the main component of NHS Scotland’s Test and Protect system.

75. Further information on the Protect Scotland app is available at www.protect.scot.

What should someone do if they have coronavirus symptoms?

76. If a person has a continuous cough, high temperature, or loss or change in taste or smell, they should self-isolate and request a coronavirus test right away. Further information is available at www.NHSinform.scot/test-and-protect or by calling **0800 028 2816** if they cannot get online.
77. The [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): Test and Protect information leaflet](#) provides information on the Test and Protect service from NHS Scotland.

Local Outbreaks or Clusters of Coronavirus Cases

78. Scottish Government travel advice and guidance relating to local outbreaks or clusters of coronavirus cases is available at [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): local advice and measures](#).
79. Where a local outbreak has been reported, sports facility operators and deliverers within this locality should review Scottish Government 'local measures' guidance, their facility/operational risk assessment and consider if additional mitigating actions should be put in place to reduce risk. This may, for example, include; suspending activity, enhancing hygiene and physical distancing measures or introducing additional activity restrictions.

GUIDANCE FOR PARTICIPANTS

The following guidance can be used to support participants. Consider using it in the context of before, during and after the activity.

Stay up to date

1. Scottish Government information is available at [Scottish Government: Coronavirus in Scotland](#).
2. Be aware that guidance can change, and restrictions may be reintroduced. Ensure you have checked the latest version of guidelines for your activity.

Travelling to and from an activity/sports facility

3. Please check before you leave that toilet facilities will be available at the sports facility.

4. Wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds before leaving home. Information on hand hygiene is available at: [Health Protection Scotland: Hand hygiene techniques](#) .
5. Where possible avoid using public transport and adhere to Scottish Government physical distancing and travel guidelines.
6. Arrive as close as possible to when you need to be at the venue/sports facility and allow others to leave before you enter. If you need to wait, then do so away from the facility and clear of any entrances or exits.
7. Take your own hand sanitiser to the sports facility and use regularly throughout the activity.
8. If driving, park your car in such a way as to facilitate physical distancing.
9. Try to avoid touching fixed equipment including gates, fences or benches. If you are disabled and you need to use touch to help get information from your environment and physical support, please do not avoid touching fixed equipment.
10. After completing your exercise/activity return directly to your car (if appropriate) and leave.

Test & Protect

11. [Test and Protect](#), is Scotland's way of putting into practice NHS Scotland's test, trace, isolate and support strategy.
12. The gathering of contact information from anyone attending sport/leisure activities or facilities in a secure and safe manner, will assist NHS Scotland's Test and Protect service to identify any clusters of cases, contact those who may have been exposed to the virus, and request them to take appropriate steps to prevent potential onward spread.

Maintaining customer records

13. In order to support Test and Protect sports facility operators are required to collect the name, contact number, date of visit, time of arrival, and where possible the departure time of all those attending facilities or activities. Where attending as a small household group, the contact details for one member – a 'lead member' – will be sufficient.
14. It is important that sport facility operators and customers cooperate, as it will be crucial to national efforts to suppress the virus.
15. Sports facility operators will store information for 21 days and share it with public health officers when requested.

Protect Scotland App

16. NHS Scotland has launched a free mobile app designed to help with contact tracing efforts and slow the spread of COVID-19. The app will alert users if they have been in close contact with another app user who tests positive for coronavirus.
17. Supported by a dedicated Protect Scotland website, the app is an extra tool complementing existing person-to-person contact tracing which remains the main component of NHS Scotland's Test and Protect system.
18. Further information on the Protect Scotland app and how to download it is available at www.protect.scot.

What do I do if I have coronavirus symptoms?

19. If you have a continuous cough, high temperature, or loss or change in taste or smell, self-isolate and request a coronavirus test right away. You can do this online at www.NHSinform.scot/test-and-protect or by calling **0800 028 2816** if you cannot get online.
20. If you develop symptoms, you should self-isolate immediately and stay home for 10 days. Others in your household should stay home for 14 days in case they also develop symptoms.
21. If symptoms worsen or last for more than 10 days, call **111**. If you have a fever for more than 10 days, continue isolating for 48 hours after it ends.
22. The [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\): Test and Protect information leaflet](#) provides information on the Test and Protect service from NHS Scotland.

Health, Safety & Hygiene

Face coverings

23. It is mandatory for participants and visitors to indoor sports facilities to wear face coverings before and after activity or when in non-playing areas of the facility. For example: reception, locker rooms and storage areas unless there is a reasonable excuse not to do so. For example, if you have a health condition or you are disabled, including hidden disabilities such as autism, dementia or a learning disability.
24. If you are deaf and need to look at lips and facial expressions to help you communicate, you can ask staff to remove their face covering.
25. Face coverings do not need to be worn when undertaking physical activity, exercise or showering/changing.

26. Face coverings do not need to be worn in a sports facility hospitality environment if you are eating or drinking but must be worn at all other times.
27. The [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Phase 3: staying safe and protecting others page on face coverings](#) provides guidance on their use and exemptions.

Hygiene Measures

28. If you are not wearing a face covering and need to sneeze or cough, do so into a tissue or upper sleeve. Dispose of your tissue into an appropriate bin supplied at the venue or place in a plastic bag and take home. Wash your hands afterwards for 20 seconds.
29. Avoid touching your face and ensure to clean your hands with at least 60% alcohol gel when you finish participating.
30. Where shared equipment is necessary for an activity appropriate hygiene measures should be followed to ensure the equipment is thoroughly cleaned before, during and after use.
31. Where balls are used in sports areas, courts and pitches appropriate hygiene measures should be followed including hand hygiene and regular cleaning of balls before, during and after exercise.

Physical distancing and participation numbers

32. Children aged 11 years and younger are not required to physically distance, as set out in Scottish Government guidance.
33. For those 12 years of age and over taking part in sport or leisure activity, normal Scottish Government physical distancing and household number guidelines should be followed unless otherwise advised as some sport and leisure activities have exemptions.
34. Normal physical distancing and household number guidelines will however be applicable before and after the sporting activity or when taking breaks.
35. Coaches, officials, parents and carers should continue to observe physical distancing when involved in children's activity as a coach, official or spectator. Please refer to specific club or facility guidelines.
36. Where access through an indoor space is provided it should be for one person at a time, ideally with a one-way system in operation. Participants should try not to touch hard surfaces such as door handles and move through the area without stopping or congregating at any time. Disabled participants who need to use touch to get information from their environment and physical support should be encouraged to do so.
37. Further information on physical distancing guidance is available at [Staying Safe and Protecting Others](#) .

Spectators

38. No spectating should take place other than where a parent or carer is supervising a child or vulnerable adult or where following specific [sector guidance for events](#).
39. Physical distancing should always be followed where spectating is allowed except between members of the same household, a carer and the person assisted by the carer or as otherwise outlined within Scottish Government approved sport specific guidance.

Participant Bookings & Payments

40. Where a sports facility operator allows, book in advance and made payment online if possible.
41. Sport facility operators should provide alternative arrangements for bookings and payments for those without with access to the internet or bank cards.

Equipment & Facilities

42. Where possible take your own equipment with you.
43. Only take the minimum amount of equipment that you need to participate.
44. Clean and wipe down your equipment, including water bottles before and after use.
45. Do not share food or drink with others.
46. Once you have completed your activity please leave the premises at the earliest possible opportunity.

Supported by

sportscotland

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